



Office of the President

Philippine Information Agency

Ahensiyang Pang-impormasyon ng Pilipinas

MEMORANDUM

TO/FOR : **ALL OFFICIALS and EMPLOYEES**
This Agency

SUBJECT : **SUBMISSION OF ANNUAL STATEMENT OF ASSETS,
LIABILITIES AND NET WORTH (SALN)**

DATE : 02 February 2023

Pursuant to Civil Service Commission (CSC) Memorandum Circular No. 2, series of 2013 on the Revised SALN Form and the Prescribed Guidelines in Filling-Out the Revised SALN Form (Revised as of January 2015). All are hereby reminded to submit the sworn **Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Net Worth (SALN) as of 31 December 2022** through the Human Resource Development Division – Personnel Section **not later than 15 March 2023.**

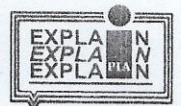
Visayas and Mindanao regional offices are to submit directly to the Office of the Ombudsman in their respective area and furnish a copy of duly acknowledged SALN forms to HRDD for documentary purposes.

Please be reminded further that failure of an official or employee to correct/submit his/her SALN 2022 in accordance with the procedure within the prescribed period shall be ground for disciplinary action pursuant to Revised Ruled on Administrative Cases in the Civil Service (RRACCS), CSC Resolution No. 1101502 dated November 8, 2011.

The offense of failure to file SALN is punishable under Section 46 (D)(8) of Rule X thereof, with the following penalties:

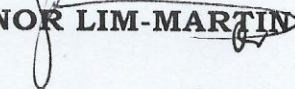
1 st Offense	Suspension for one (1) month and one (1) day to six (6) months
2 nd Offense	Dismissal from the service

Attached is a copy of Memorandum Circular No. 003, series of 2023 signed by the Director-General on the Guidelines and Procedures in the



Filling out and Submission of Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Net Worth (SALN) Form, for reference.

FOR GUIDANCE.


ELEANOR LIM-MARTIN
Chief
Human Resource Development Division

CERTIFIED-TRUE-COPY


FEB 09 2023
PIA RECORDS SECTION

PHILIPPINE INFORMATION AGENCY
RECORDS SECTION
BY: GLENN
DATE/TIME: 02 FEB 2023 2:57PM





Office of the President

Philippine Information Agency

Ahensiyang Pang-impormasyon ng Pilipinas

PIA MEMORANDUM CIRCULAR No. 003

Series of 2023

TO : **ALL OFFICIALS and EMPLOYEES
This Agency**

SUBJECT : **GUIDELINES AND PROCEDURES IN FILLING
OUT AND SUBMISSION OF STATEMENT OF
ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET WORTH (SALN)
FORM**

DATE : 30 January 2023

I. OBJECTIVES

1. To enjoin all PIA officials and employees to declare and submit annually a true, detailed and sworn statement of their assets, liabilities and net worth, including disclosure of business interests and financial connections, and to declare to the best of their knowledge their relatives who are in government service; and
2. To ensure that the assets, liabilities, net worth, financial connections and business interests of the declarant's spouse and unmarried children below eighteen (18) years of age living in declarant's household are also disclosed.

II. SCOPE

All officials and employees of this Agency (permanent, temporary and coterminous) shall be covered by these guidelines pursuant to CSC MC No. 2, series of 2013.

III. RULES IN ACCOMPLISHING THE STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET WORTH (SALN) FORM

A. Applicable Laws and Guidelines

For purposes of declaring one's assets, liabilities and net worth, the governing law shall be Republic Act No. 6713 or the Code of Conduct and Ethical Standards for Public Officials and Employees and Civil Service Commission (CSC) Memorandum Circular No. 2, series of 2013 on the



Revised SALN Form and the Prescribed Guidelines in Filling-Out the SALN Form.

B. Contents of The Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Net Worth (SALN) Form

1. BASIC INFORMATION

- a. Spouses who are both public officers and employees shall have the option to file their SALN jointly or separately.
- b. In case the declarant is single or married but whose spouse is not in the government service, he/she shall tick off the box marked as "Not Applicable."
- c. In case of joint filing, all real and personal properties shall be declared including their respective paraphernal and capital property, if there are any.
- d. The change of civil status of the declarant after December 31 of the preceding year shall not affect the nature of the properties declared.
- e. The declarant shall provide information on his/her address. However, whenever a third party validly requests for a copy of the SALN Form of the declarant, the agency has the option to shade the declarant's address and other personal sensitive information such as but not limited to: name and age of the child, personal address, identification numbers and signatures.
- f. Declarant must provide the information required for all his/her unmarried children below eighteen (18) years of age and living in his/her household, whether legitimate or illegitimate.

2. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET WORTH

- a. The SALN shall contain a true and complete declaration of assets, liabilities and net worth, including a disclosure of business interests and financial connections of the declarant, his/her spouse and unmarried children below eighteen (18) years of age living in his/her household. It shall also contain a disclosure of the declarant's relatives within the fourth degree of consanguinity and affinity who are in government service.
- b. For purposes of convenience in the computation of net worth, where the declarant's spouse has capital or paraphernal properties or where the declarant's unmarried children below eighteen (18) years of age living in his/her household have their own properties, the declarant should declare the assets and liabilities of his/her spouse on a separate sheet attached to the SALN Form, see sample attached. For



purposes of such declaration, the provisions in these guidelines shall likewise apply.

- c. Assets include those within or outside the Philippines, whether real or personal, whether used in trade or business.
- d. Assets refer to declarant's real and personal properties, including those of his/her spouse and unmarried children below eighteen (18) years of age living in his/her household.

REAL PROPERTIES

- a. Declaration of real properties shall include its description, kind, location, year and mode of acquisition, assessed value, fair market value, acquisition cost of land, building, etc. including improvements thereon.
- b. Real properties refer to properties which are immovable by nature.
- c. For purposes of SALN, the kind of real properties are classified according to their use, that is, residential, commercial, agricultural, industrial, or mixed use and the like.
- d. The declarant shall indicate a description of the real properties, whether it is a land only or land with building, a house and lot, condominium unit, or an improvement such as an extension or garage, and the like.
- e. Assessed value shall, for purposes of declaration in the SALN, refer to the amount indicated in the tax declaration of the real properties involved.
- f. Fair market value shall, for purposes of declaration in the SALN, refer to the amount indicated as market value in the tax declaration of the real properties concerned.
- g. Improvements refer to all works that are constructed or introduced to the land, or repairs or improvements made to the land or building after its initial acquisition.
- h. In declaring an improvement to the land, the declarant may opt to declare it separately or together with the land to which such improvement is attached.
- i. Acquisition cost is the amount of money paid to acquire or own something. This shall also refer to the amount of expenses incurred for improvements introduced on a real property. For purposes of



computing the declarant's net worth, the acquisition cost shall be made the basis thereof.

- j. The declarant shall indicate those real properties which are already titled or registered under his/her name, the name of his/her spouse or under the name of his/her unmarried children below 18 years of age and living in the declarant's household. Further, real properties already covered by a deed of sale, inherited or subject of an extrajudicial settlement of estate but not yet titled under declarant's name shall also be disclosed.
- k. In the case of properties received gratuitously, e.g. donation or inheritance, no acquisition cost shall be declared. However, the fair market value and the assessed value of said properties as found in the tax declaration thereof must be declared.

PERSONAL PROPERTIES

- a. Declaration of personal properties shall include mode, year and cost of acquisition, or the value or amount of said personal properties.
- b. Personal properties refer to jewelry, appliances, furniture, motor vehicles and other tangible/movable properties. This shall also include investments or other assets, such as cash on hand or in bank, negotiable instruments, securities, stocks, bonds, and the like.
- c. Personal properties collectively acquired or are of minimal value may be declared generally or collectively. In which case, the declarant may write/indicate "various years" under the column for Year Acquired.
- d. Personal properties, such as cash on hand and in bank, as well as stocks and the like, denominated in foreign currency shall be converted into the corresponding Philippine currency equivalent, at the rate of exchange prevailing as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year.
- e. The amount of money/cash in bank to be declared should be the last balance as of December 31 of the preceding year.
- f. In case of properties which are co-owned with other individuals, the declarant shall disclose the proportionate amount of own's share in the property.
- g. With regard to properties subject of a contract to sell, the amount already paid shall be declared as personal property.



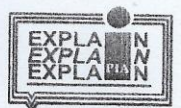
- h. Properties which are subject of either a chattel or real estate mortgage shall be declared in the SALN Form. The acquisition cost to be declared shall be the actual purchase price, and the liability to be declared shall be the outstanding balance of the loan as of December 31 of the preceding year.

LIABILITIES

- a. Under liabilities, the nature of liability, name of creditors and the outstanding balance shall be indicated. The outstanding balance shall refer to the amount of money that is still due as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year.
- b. Liability refers to financial liability or anything that can result to a transfer or disposal of an asset. It includes not only those incurred by the declarant but also those of his/her spouse and unmarried children below eighteen (18) years of age living in his/her household.
- c. Nature of liability refers to the type of loan obtained from banks, financial institutions, GSIS, PAG-IBIG and others, such as personal, multi-purpose, salary, calamity loan and the like.
- d. Outstanding balance refers to the amount of money that one still owes on the loan as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year.

3. COMPUTATION OF NET WORTH

- a. Net worth is the sum of all assets (real and personal) less total liabilities.
- b. In the case of real properties, the acquisition cost shall be used in the computation of the net worth.
- c. In the case of personal properties, the acquisition cost or amount/value of money shall be used in the computation of the total net worth.
- d. Excluded from the computation of real and personal properties are the properties of unmarried children below 18 years of age living in the declarant's household.
- e. If the spouse of the declarant is not a public officer or employee, the latter's paraphernal or capital properties shall not be included in the computation of the declarant's net worth.
- f. Paraphernal property refers to the properties exclusively owned by the wife.
- g. Capital property refers to the properties exclusively owned by the husband.



- h. Community property refers to all the properties owned by the spouses at the time of the celebration of the marriage or acquired thereafter, subject to the exceptions provided for by law (Articles 91, Family Code of the Philippines). In the absence of any marriage settlement, the property relations of the spouses shall be governed by the rules on absolute community of property under the Family Code of the Philippines.

The following are excluded from the community property:

- (1) Property acquired during the marriage by gratuitous title by either spouse, and the fruits as well as the income thereof, if any, unless it is expressly provided by the donor, testator or grantor that they shall form part of the community property;
 - (2) Property for personal and exclusive use of either spouse. However, jewelry shall form part of the community property;
 - (3) Property acquired before the marriage by either spouse who has legitimate descendants by a former marriage, and the fruits as well as the income, if any, of such property. (Article 92, Family Code of the Philippines)
- i. Conjugal property refers to all properties acquired during the marriage, whether the acquisition appears to have been made, contracted or registered in the name of one or both spouses, unless proven to be excluded (Article 116, Family Code of the Philippines). This applies when the spouses agreed to be governed by the rules on the conjugal partnership of gains under the Family Code of the Philippines.

The following are conjugal partnership properties:

- (1) Those acquired by onerous title during the marriage at the expense of the common fund, whether the acquisition be for the partnership or for only one of the spouses;
- (2) Those obtained from the labor, industry, work or profession of either or both of the spouses;
- (3) The fruits, natural, industrial, or civil, due or received during the marriage from the common property, as well as the netfruits from the exclusive property of each spouse;
- (4) The share of either spouse in the hidden treasure which the law awards to the finder or owner of the property where the treasure is found;
- (5) Those acquired through occupation such as fishing or hunting;



- (6) Livestock existing upon the dissolution of the partnership in excess of the number of each kind brought to the marriage by either spouse; and
 - (7) Those which are acquired by chance, such as winnings from gambling or betting. However, losses therefrom shall be borne exclusively by the loser-spouse. (Article 117, Family Code of the Philippines) Prior to the enactment of the Family Code of the Philippines in 1987, when there is no marriage settlement between the spouses, their property relations are covered by the rules on conjugal partnership of gains.
- j. If the spouse of the declarant is a public officer or employee, but who chose to separately file his/her SALN, his/her paraphernal or capital properties shall not be included in the computation of the declarant's net worth.
 - k. In case of joint filing, the total assets of the spouses shall include their respective paraphernal or capital properties.
 - l. In case of joint filing, the declarant's total net worth and that of his/her spouse shall be the difference between the total assets (real and personal properties) less the total liabilities.

4. FINANCIAL CONNECTIONS AND BUSINESS INTERESTS

- a. The declarant, including that of his/her spouse and unmarried children below eighteen (18) years of age living in declarant's household, shall declare their existing interest or connection in any business enterprise or entity, aside from income from government. They shall also indicate the business address, nature of business interest and/or financial connection, and date of acquisition of interest or connection.
- b. In case there are no existing business interests and financial connections in any business enterprise or entity, the declarant shall tick off the appropriate box in the form.
- c. Business interests refer to declarant's existing interest in any business enterprise or entity, aside from his/her income from government, which shall also include those of his/her spouse and unmarried children below eighteen (18) years of age living in his/her household.
- d. Financial connections refer to declarant's existing connections with any business enterprise or entity, whether as a consultant, adviser



and the like, with an expectation of remuneration for services rendered, including those of his/her spouse and unmarried children below eighteen (18) years of age living in his/her household.

- e. Nature of business interest and/or financial connection refers to existing interest or connection in any business enterprise, whether as proprietor, investor, promoter, partner, shareholder, officer, managing director, executive, creditor, lawyer, legal consultant or adviser, financial or business consultant, and the like.

5. RELATIVES IN THE GOVERNMENT

- a. The declarant shall disclose his/her relatives in the government within the 4th civil degree of relationship, either by consanguinity or affinity. The disclosure shall also state his/her relationship with the relative, the position of the relative as well as the name of office/agency and address.
- b. In case the declarant and his/her spouse jointly file their SALN, they shall indicate all their relatives within the fourth civil degree, either by consanguinity or affinity, and shall include the above-mentioned information.
- c. In case the declarant has no relatives in the government within the 4th civil degree of relationship, either by consanguinity or affinity, including *bilas*, *inso* and *balae*, the declarant shall tick off the appropriate box in the form.
- d. Affinity refers to the relationship of a husband to the blood relatives of his wife, or a wife to the blood relatives of her husband.
- e. Consanguinity refers to the relationship by blood from the same stock or common ancestor.
- f. Relatives in the government refer to the declarant's relatives up to the 4th civil degree of relationship, either by consanguinity or affinity, including *bilas*, *inso* and *balae*.

Relatives in the first degree of consanguinity include the declarant's father, mother, son and daughter.

Relatives in the first degree of affinity include the declarant's father-in-law and mother-in-law.

Relatives in the second degree of consanguinity include the declarant's brother, sister, grandmother, grandfather, grandson and granddaughter.



Relatives in the second degree of affinity include the declarant's brother-in-law, sister-in-law, grandmother-in-law, grandfather-in-law, granddaughter-in-law and grandson-in-law.

Relatives in the third degree of consanguinity include the declarant's nephew, niece, uncle and aunt. Relatives in the third degree of affinity include declarant's nephew-in-law, niece-in-law, uncle-in-law, auntie-in-law.

Relatives in the fourth degree of consanguinity include the declarant's first cousin.

6. OTHER MATTERS

- a. In order to prevent unauthorized insertions or pulling out of pages, pagination shall read as page 1 of number of pages, page 2 of number of pages, and so on.
- b. In case of joint filing, the declarant and his/her spouse shall sign in the spaces provided for just below the certification.
- c. If the spouse is not a public officer or employee, the declarant shall still cause him/her to sign the SALN.
- d. In case of non-compliance with the signature of the spouse, an explanation should be attached to the SALN Form for such noncompliance.
- e. The head of the agency can delegate the authority to administer oath with regard to the SALN Form. The authority to administer oath must be in writing.
- f. The declarant is strictly required to fill all applicable information in the SALN form. Otherwise, such items should be marked with "N/A" or "not applicable."
- g. Filling up of the form may be handwritten, computerized or typewritten provided the signature of the declarant is original. The declarant is required to write legibly if he chose to fill up the form by handwriting.
- h. Additional sheets may be used, if necessary. The additional sheet shall indicate the name of the declarant, his/her position and agency name, the year covered by the SALN, and which shall be signed on each page.
- i. No unnecessary markings shall be made on the form.



7. FILING AND SUBMISSION

The SALN must be filed:

- a. Within thirty (30) days after assumption of office, statements of which must be reckoned as of the employee's first day of service;
- b. Within thirty (30) days after separation from the service, statements of which must be reckoned as of employee's last day of office
- c. On or before 15 April of every year thereafter, statements of which must be reckoned as of the end of the preceding year;

To give ample time for review and preparation of report to the corresponding statutory institution, employees from the PIA Central Office and Luzon regional offices shall submit through the Human Resource Development Division (HRDD) duly accomplished SALNs in three (3) original (hard copies) and electronic copy (PDF Format), **on or before 15th March of every year.**

PIA Visayas and Mindanao regional offices are to directly submit to the Office of the Ombudsman in their respective area, and furnish HRDD one copy together with the acknowledgement receipt.

Further, all regional HRMO-designates are to furnish HRDD duly accomplished SALN copies of all newly-hired employees (within 30 days upon assumption) and retired/separated employees (within 30 days upon retirement/separation).

8. REVIEW AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

The PIA Review and Compliance Committee (PIA RCC) shall be primarily responsible in evaluating the SALN Forms submitted by officials and employees, and shall determine whether they were accomplished completely, in proper form and submitted on time.



9. SANCTION

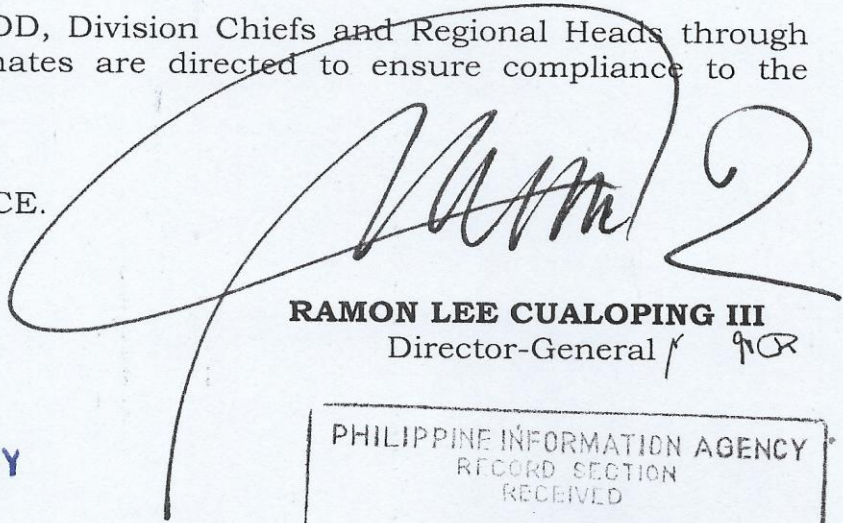
Any of the following acts shall constitute a violation of R.A. No. 6713 or the Code of Conduct and Ethical Standards for Public Officials and Employees, and shall be punishable by suspension of one (1) month and one (1) day to six (6) months for the first offense, and dismissal from the service for the second offense:

1. Failure of an official or employee to correct/submit his/her SALN in accordance with the procedure and within the given period; and
2. Failure to disclose or misdeclaration of any asset, liability, business interest, financial connection, and relative in the government in his/her SALN.

The Agency Head shall issue a show-cause order directing the official or employee to submit his/her comment or counter-affidavit; and if the evidence so warrants, proceeds with the conduct of the administrative proceedings pursuant to the 2017 Rules on Administrative Cases in the Civil Service (2017 RACCS).

The PIA-RCC, HRDD, Division Chiefs and Regional Heads through respective HRMO-Designates are directed to ensure compliance to the aforesaid policy.

FOR STRICT COMPLIANCE.



RAMON LEE CUALOPING III

Director-General *RCR*

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[Signature]
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